WE CLAIM:

1. An apparatus comprising:

an elongate central venous catheter having a distal region configured for insertion into a patient's vasculature, and a fluid delivery lumen configured to allow a fluid to be delivered through the central venous catheter to the patient's vasculature;

an ultrasound assembly configured to be positioned adjacent to the central venous catheter distal region; and

a temperature sensor configured to measure a temperature in a region adjacent to the ultrasound assembly.

- 2. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises an ultrasound radiating member mounted on an elongate support structure configured to be passed through the central venous catheter.
- 3. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises an ultrasound radiating member mounted on the central venous catheter.
- 4. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises a plurality of ultrasound radiating members.
- 5. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the temperature sensor is a thermocouple.
- 6. The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein central venous catheter has an outer diameter between approximately 6 French and approximately 14 French.
- 7. A method for removing a blockage from a central venous catheter comprising:

inserting an ultrasound assembly into a central venous catheter, the ultrasound assembly comprising an ultrasound radiating member mounted on an elongate support structure;

positioning the ultrasound assembly within the central venous catheter such that the ultrasound radiating member is adjacent to a deposited material formed on a portion of the central venous catheter;

supplying an electrical current to the ultrasound radiating member to expose the deposited material to ultrasonic energy; and

passing a blockage removal compound through the central venous catheter to expose the deposited material to the blockage removal compound simultaneously with ultrasonic energy.

- 8. The method of Claim 1, wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises a plurality of ultrasound radiating members.
- 9. The method of Claim 1, wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises a plurality of ultrasound radiating members, and wherein the plurality of ultrasound radiating members are individually controllable.
- 10. The method of Claim 1, further comprising measuring a temperature in a region adjacent to the ultrasound radiating member.
 - 11. The method of Claim 1, further comprising:

measuring a temperature in a region adjacent to the ultrasound radiating member; and

adjusting the electrical current supplied to the ultrasound radiating member based on the measured temperature.

- 12. The method of Claim 1, wherein the blockage removal compound is also passed through the central venous catheter before ultrasonic energy is supplied to the deposited material.
- 13. A method comprising exposing a deposited material formed on a central venous catheter to ultrasonic energy while the central venous catheter is positioned in a patient and exposing the deposited material formed on the central venous catheter to a blockage removal compound while the central venous catheter is positioned in a patient.
- 14. The method of Claim 13, wherein the blockage removal compound comprises an antibacterial solution.
- 15. The method of Claim 13, wherein the ultrasonic energy has a frequency between about 20 kHz and about 20 MHz.
- 16. The method of Claim 13, the blockage removal compound comprises a thrombus removing agent.

- 17. The method of Claim 13, wherein the blockage removal compound is also delivered to the deposited material before ultrasonic energy is supplied to the deposited material.
- 18. The method of Claim 13, wherein the ultrasonic energy is also delivered to the deposited material after termination of the delivery of blockage removal compound to the deposited material.
- 19. The method of Claim 13, wherein the ultrasonic energy is delivered from an ultrasound assembly positioned within a central lumen of the central venous catheter.
- 20. The method of Claim 13, wherein the ultrasonic energy is delivered from an ultrasound assembly positioned within a central lumen of the central venous catheter, and wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises an ultrasound radiating member mounted on an elongate support structure.
- 21. The method of Claim 13, wherein the ultrasonic energy is delivered from an ultrasound assembly positioned within a central lumen of the central venous catheter, and wherein the ultrasound assembly comprises a plurality of ultrasound radiating members mounted on an elongate support structure.
- 22. The method of Claim 13, further comprising measuring a temperature adjacent to the deposited material.
 - 23. The method of Claim 13, further comprising:

 measuring a temperature adjacent to the deposited material; and
 adjusting the amount of ultrasonic energy delivered to the deposited
 material based on the measured temperature.
- 24. The method of Claim 13, wherein the ultrasonic energy is delivered from an ultrasound radiating member embedded in an elongate body of the central venous catheter.
- 25. The method of Claim 13, wherein the blockage removal compound is delivered to the deposited material through the central venous catheter.
- 26. The method of Claim 13, wherein the blockage removal compound is delivered to the deposited material through a delivery lumen formed integrally with the central venous catheter.

27. A method for removing a deposited material from a catheter comprising:

supplying a therapeutic compound to the deposited material;

exposing the deposited material to ultrasonic energy generated by an ultrasound radiating member positioned within the catheter; and

measuring a temperature on the catheter to provide an indication of progression of the removal of the deposited material from the catheter.

- 28. The method of Claim 27, wherein the therapeutic compound comprises an antibacterial solution.
- 29. The method of Claim 27, wherein the deposited material is exposed to ultrasonic energy and therapeutic compound simultaneously.
- 30. The method of Claim 27, wherein the catheter comprises a central venous catheter.
- 31. The method of Claim 27, wherein the ultrasound radiating member is positioned within a central lumen of the catheter.
- 32. The method of Claim 27, wherein the ultrasound radiating member is embedded within an elongate body of the catheter.
- 33. The method of Claim 27, further comprising adjusting the amount of ultrasonic energy delivered to the deposited material based on the measured temperature.